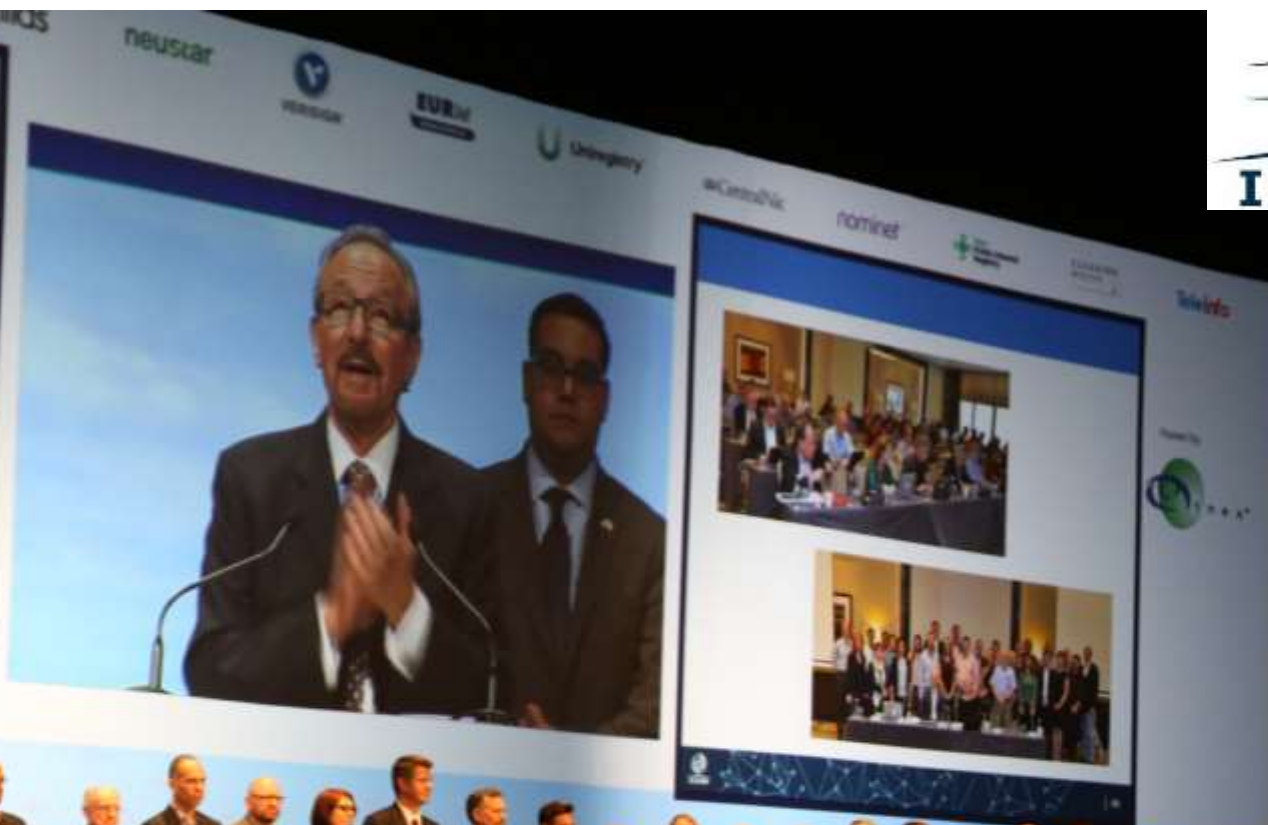




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neustar
VERISIGN
EURid
University
@CatalaGic
nominet
Teleinfo

The large screen displays a central image of a man in a suit speaking at a podium, with another man standing beside him. To the right, there are two smaller inset photos showing a large group of people seated at a conference table and a group standing together. The screen also features various logos including neustar, VERISIGN, EURid, University, @CatalaGic, nominet, Teleinfo, and a logo for the Department of Information Technology and Communications.



About ICANN:

To reach another person on the Internet you have to type an address into your computer – a name or a number.

That address has to be unique so computers know where to find each other. **ICANN coordinates these unique identifiers across the world.**

Without that coordination, we wouldn't have one global Internet.

About ICANN:

ICANN – INTERNET CORPORATION OF ASSIGNED NAMES AND NUMBERS

has a job to ensure that the Internet remains stable, secure and globally unified.

ICANN is a global **multi-stakeholder** organization that was formed in 1998 and empowered by the U.S. Government and its Department of Commerce through NTIA. It is a not-for-profit public-benefit corporation with participants from all over the world dedicated to keeping the interoperable.

About ICANN:

ICANN promotes competition and develops policy on the Internet's unique identifiers.

ICANN doesn't control content on the Internet. It cannot stop spam and it doesn't deal with access to the Internet. But through its coordination role of the Internet's naming system, it does have an important impact on the expansion and evolution of the Internet.

ICANN'S REMIT

THE THREE LAYERS OF DIGITAL GOVERNANCE

No temporary government, organization, or country governs the digital infrastructure, economy or society. Digital growth occurs as a result of the collaboration of market-based decisions brought through political, commercial, institutional, and platform-based markets, societal, and global systems. Digital Governance is structured into three layers to address infrastructure, economic, and societal issues with solutions. For a map of Digital Governmental jurisdiction across all three layers, visit <http://www.icann.org/gov>

KEY GOVERNANCE FACTORS
 - IANA
 - ICANN
 - IGF
 - ITR
 - ITRC
 - ITRG
 - ITRP
 - ITRR
 - ITRS
 - ITRT
 - ITRU
 - ITRV
 - ITRW
 - ITRX
 - ITRY
 - ITRZ

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL LAYER

LAW, POLICE, AND REGULATIONS
 The Internet is a global network of interconnected computers and servers, spanning across all continents and all major languages. This interconnected nature of the Internet can be exploited to spread false information, harass individuals, and conduct illegal activities.

INDUSTRY AND TRADE
 The Internet has become a critical tool for businesses to reach their customers. It has also become a platform for businesses to conduct transactions and provide services.

NEWS AND INFORMATION
 The Internet has become a primary source of news and information for many people. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

USERS
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to communicate and share information. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

EDUCATION
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to learn and share knowledge. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

APPLICATIONS
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to use various services and applications. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

ENTERTAINMENT
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to consume entertainment content. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

CIVIL AND HUMAN RIGHTS
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to advocate for civil and human rights. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

SOCIAL MEDIA
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to connect with others and share their experiences. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

SECURITY
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to conduct transactions and share information. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

MOBILE
 The Internet has become a primary tool for many people to access services and applications on their mobile devices. It has also become a platform for individuals to express their opinions and share their experiences.

LOGICAL LAYER

HOST SERVICES
 The Internet is a global network of interconnected computers and servers, spanning across all continents and all major languages. This interconnected nature of the Internet can be exploited to spread false information, harass individuals, and conduct illegal activities.

THE ROOT ZONE
 The Internet is a global network of interconnected computers and servers, spanning across all continents and all major languages. This interconnected nature of the Internet can be exploited to spread false information, harass individuals, and conduct illegal activities.

DOMAIN NAMES
 The Internet is a global network of interconnected computers and servers, spanning across all continents and all major languages. This interconnected nature of the Internet can be exploited to spread false information, harass individuals, and conduct illegal activities.

IP ADDRESSES
 The Internet is a global network of interconnected computers and servers, spanning across all continents and all major languages. This interconnected nature of the Internet can be exploited to spread false information, harass individuals, and conduct illegal activities.

PROTOCOL PARAMETERS
 The Internet is a global network of interconnected computers and servers, spanning across all continents and all major languages. This interconnected nature of the Internet can be exploited to spread false information, harass individuals, and conduct illegal activities.

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INFRASTRUCTURE LAYER

THE INTERNET
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The IANA Stewardship Transition:

For almost two decades, ICANN has performed the IANA functions under a zero-dollar contract with the U.S. Government, implementing policies developed by the **Multi-Stakeholder Community**.

The U.S. Government always envisioned its role as steward of the IANA functions as temporary, and, in March 2014, announced its intention to transition that stewardship to the global multistakeholder community via ICANN. The transition is nothing more than the final step in a long process to privatize the management of the IANA functions.

Developing the Community Proposals (ICG):

Two sets of recommendations comprise the package provided to the ICANN Board for the IANA Stewardship Transition.

One set of recommendations involved the proposal from the direct operational customers of the IANA functions. This proposal was prepared by the IANA Stewardship Transition Coordination Group (ICG).

Developing the Community Proposals (ICG):

The ICG, comprised of thirty individuals, representing the broad range of Internet stakeholder interests, were nominated by their respective communities.

The ICG assembled input from three global multi-stakeholder communities with direct operational relationships with the IANA functions to develop a proposal to transition NTIA's stewardship of the IANA functions.

Developing the Community Proposals (CCWG):

The other set of recommendations relate to enhancing ICANN Accountability in furtherance of the IANA Stewardship Transition. This proposal was prepared by the Cross Community Working Group on Enhancing ICANN Accountability (CCWG-Accountability), made up of members from ICANN's Supporting Organizations and Advisory Committees, and over 200 participants.

Developing the Community Proposals (CCWG):

The Cross Community Working Group on Accountability developed a separate proposal for enhancing ICANN's accountability in light of the changing historical relationship with the U.S. Government. Together with ICANN's existing structures, the group recommended mechanisms to ensure ICANN remains accountable to the global Internet community.

GOVERNMENT (GAC) SUPPORT:

Governments gathered at the 55th meeting of the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN) in Marrakesh and endorsed the final proposal on enhancing ICANN accountability. By the move, the governments cleared the way to allow a potential handover of the management of the central root zone of the domain name system and other core databases to ICANN from the United States Department of Commerce's National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA).

Developing the Community Proposals (CCWG):



AS OF: 28 October 2015

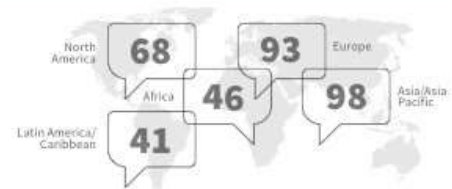
IANA STEWARDSHIP TRANSITION & ENHANCING ICANN ACCOUNTABILITY

Two parallel processes, supported by a globally diverse, inclusive and extensive multistakeholder dialogue

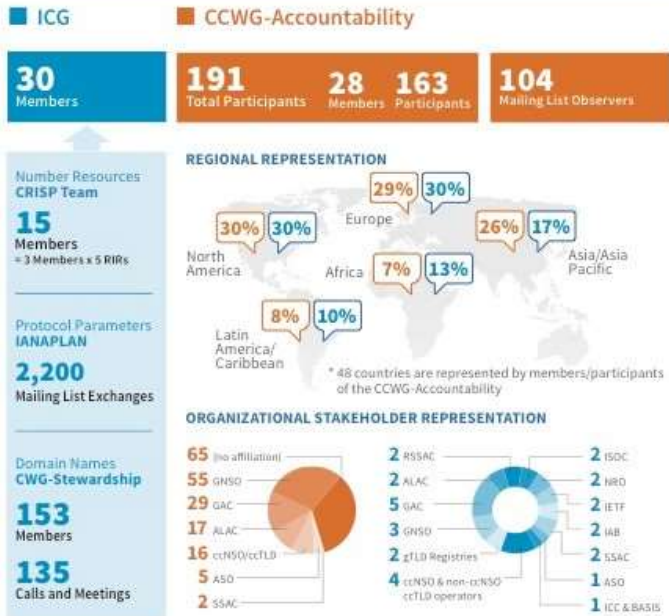
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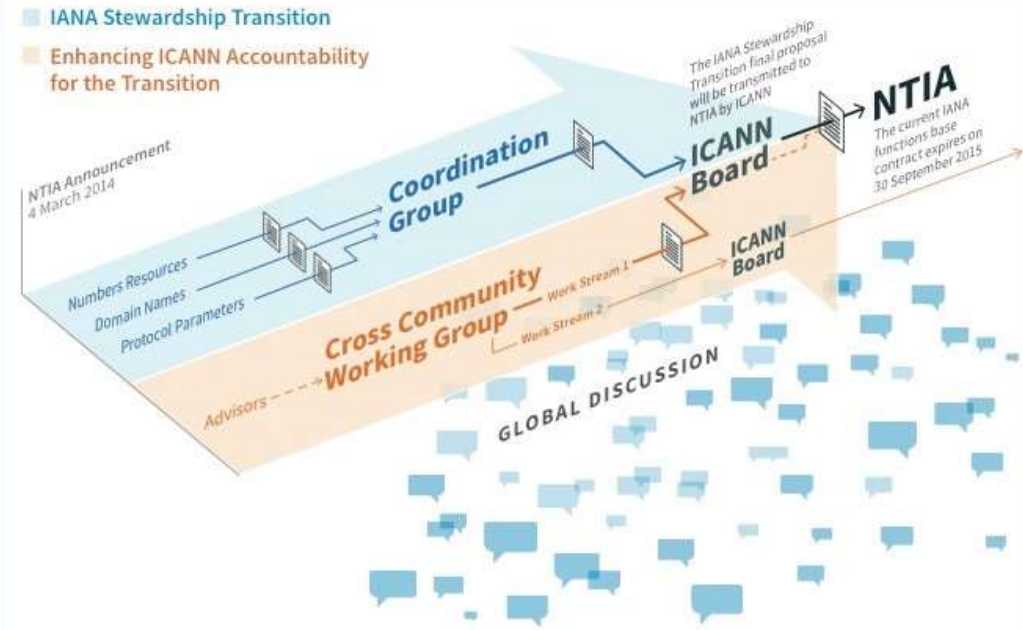
A SUPPORTING GLOBAL DISCUSSION



ICG + CCWG ACCOUNTABILITY



THE TWO PARALLEL PROCESSES



Delivering the Proposals:

On March 10, 2016, the ICANN Board of Directors transmitted the IANA Stewardship Transition and Accountability Proposals to NTIA for its review and approval.

Bylaws Reviewed:

Another key implementation item was the drafting of New ICANN Bylaws to meet the Transition Proposals.

Those Bylaws were posted for a 30-day public comment, and after consideration of comments, were adopted by the Board on 27 May 2016.

The adopted Bylaws were provided to NTIA as part of its review of the IANA Transition proposals.

More on ICANN Community Updates:

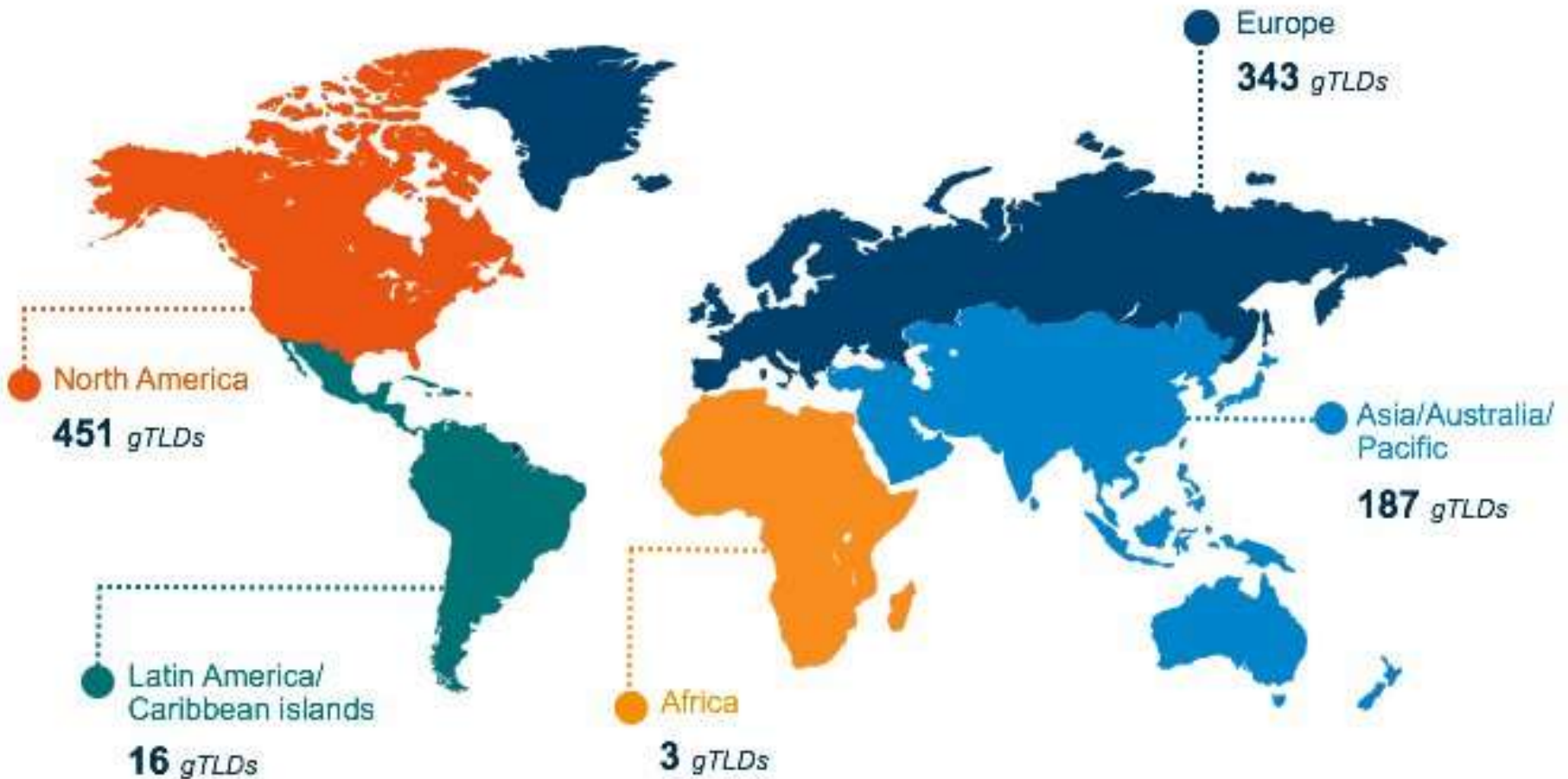


A “Grand” Milestone: 1,000 new gTLDs delegated

1,000

More than 1,000 new generic top-level domains (gTLDs) from the 2012 application window have been introduced into the internet, making the DNS over 50 times as populated with gTLDs as there were in 2013. This expansion is contributing to choice, competition and innovation.

new gTLD's Delegated into the DNS:



ICANN Launches African Engagement Office:

On 24 May 2016, ICANN celebrated the opening of the first African engagement office in Nairobi, Kenya.

This move is to give further depth to the actualization of the African strategy and increased awareness and participation by Africans in ICANN and the greater Internet ecosystem.

Faces @ The HUB opening in Nairobi



QUESTIONS



MARRAKECH
5 - 10 March 2016



THANK YOU & BYE . . .